

# The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK. HISTORICAL EDITION. TOPEKA, KANSAS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 14, 1894. TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

## WHO FOR SPEAKER?

The Contest is Already on in Kansas.

Warner, Cabbison and Lobdell in the Lead.

## CANDIDATES ARE FIVE

Who Would Like to Pound the Gavel.

Other Fresh Political News of the Day.

Last night's ratification which brought so many Republican politicians to Topeka has resulted in the fight for the organization of the house of representatives being opened seven weeks ahead of time.

There are already five fully fledged candidates for speaker and there may be more who have determined to be dark horses. But this has been a bad year for dark horses. Kansas Republicans this year demand a free open fight.

Mr. C. E. Lobdell, the young lawyer from Dighton, Lane county, who was chairman of the judiciary committee in the Douglas house, is a candidate, and J. K. Cabbison of Kansas City, Kan., the well known orator, is doing all in his power to convince the other representatives that he would make the best presiding officer.

The third candidate is Mr. S. S. Benedict of Fredonia, Wilson county. Mr. Benedict is a tall man with iron gray hair and beard. He was not a member of the last house, but has been in the legislature and has served two terms as state senator.

Mr. J. V. Beckman of Arkansas City, is also a candidate for speaker, and he is popular with the politicians. The only serious objection to his candidacy is that Cowley county has two candidates for state printer which may interfere with his aspirations.

Col. Alex. Warner of Cherokee county, one of the fighting members of the last house, is mentioned as a candidate for speaker. Col. Warner was one of the men who were the active participants in the settlement of the difficulties between the two houses in the last legislature, and after the war was over he captured the doors leading to representative hall where he battered down with Speaker Douglas's sledge hammer.

There is a seeming disposition among the members-elect to choose for their speaker some man who is a member of the last house, and if this is to be the rule the fight will be between Warner, Cabbison and Lobdell.

## AS TO THE OFFICES.

Some Who Have Been Mentioned Say They Are Not Seeking Them.

The list of names given in yesterday's JOURNAL in connection with the appointments to be made under the coming Republican administration is not intended to represent all the persons mentioned as actual candidates for the several positions, but the names published are among those who have been and are being mentioned by their friends for the appointments.

An intimate friend of ex-Secretary of State William Higgins said today that Mr. Higgins will not accept any appointment under Major Morrill's administration—that he can't afford to go back into politics.

J. Bruce Lynch who was a candidate for state treasurer two years ago and has been mentioned as a candidate for railroad commissioner, has entered the list of applicants for warden of the penitentiary and he is being warmly supported for that position by his friends.

Dave W. Mulvaney says he will not accept an appointment under the coming administration and his friends who have been using his name in connection with a place on the board of public works have done so without consulting him.

S. W. Winn who has been named in the list of applicants for a clerkship in the auditor's office, says the use of his name by his friends is wholly unauthorized; that he is not a candidate, wants no political office and is just now well satisfied with his growing business.

Major Morrill says he has not yet considered any of the applications for appointments and that he himself has made no promises. The governor-elect went to Leavenworth today and will go from there to his home at Hiawatha, where he will spend most of his time between now and the assembling of the legislature.

## BREIDENBATH WILL STAY.

His Term as Bank Commissioner is for Four Years.

A story was circulated a few days ago that Bank Commissioner Breidenbath, Superintendent of Insurance Snider and the other appointive officers whose terms do not expire January 1, had agreed to voluntarily give up their offices and retire to private life.

That story was, however, without foundation as Chairman Breidenbath said to a STATE JOURNAL reporter: "My understanding is, that my term of office as bank commissioner does not expire for two years from next January. I was appointed for a term of four years and my appointment was confirmed by the senate. I was the first commissioner to be appointed under the present law. Charles F. Johnson was only a de facto commissioner. If his appointment had been confirmed by the senate he would still be filling the office. I fail to see why I should turn my office over. If there were any charges against me, if the patrons of the banks or the bankers themselves have any complaint to make as to my administration of the affairs of the office, it would be different. If there were any charges against me I would resign at once. My office would be turned over tomorrow."

"There is no question but that Governor Leavelle can during the first week in January reappoint Judge Snider as superintendent of insurance and if

his appointment should be confirmed by the senate, as it no doubt would be, the Republicans could not get him out except for cause."

## ONE WAY TO MAKE TROUBLE.

Leavelle Will Be Governor For a Week After the Legislature Meets.

It so happens, as it did when Governor Humphrey succeeded Governor Martin, that the legislature convenes several days before the governor is inaugurated. The legislature will meet on the second Tuesday, January 8, and the governor will take his seat on the second Monday, January 14.

Governor Leavelle will be governor a week after the legislature meets. Several Populist politicians, who are sore over their defeat, are at work on a scheme to have Governor Leavelle, during the first week of his administration, fill about fifty or sixty appointive offices, the terms of which expire in January. They argue that if the governor consent to this, the Populist party will confirm his appointments, and the Republican administration will be crippled at the start by having a lot of office seekers on hand and nothing to give them.

## REFUSED A SEAT NEAR DAWES.

Attorney General Little's Amusing Action at the "Blossom House."

Attorney General John T. Little says he has an apology to offer the attorney general elect P. B. Dawes.

He says about a week before election he went into the Blossom House at Kansas City, for breakfast and the head waiter was about to seat him at a table when he noticed his friend Col. W. C. Jones at another table and he refused the offered seat and went over to the table where Colonel Jones was seated.

He noticed all the politicians in the dining room laughing, but he did not "catch on," he afterwards learned that the cause of the laughter was that Col. F. B. Dawes was seated at the table where he refused to be seated.

General Little says he never met Col. Dawes and did not recognize him, and he wants it understood that he would be the last man in Kansas to refuse to meet a political opponent in a friendly way. He says he has been defeated too many times as a Greenbacker for that.

## ANNIE DIGGS' COLONY.

It Will Be on the Banks of the Potomac and Socialistic.

Mrs. Annie L. Diggs the well known Populist worker has left Kansas and is now on her way to Washington where she will spend the winter.

Before leaving Topeka Mrs. Diggs made public a plan for a cooperative colony on which she has been working for several months.

During her campaigning tour through Kansas Mrs. Diggs has been interesting her socialistic friends in her scheme which is to found a colony of about forty families on the Potomac. The colony will be founded early next spring and the members will engage in small farming.

The ground selected for the colony consists of about 700 acres of land bordering on the Potomac on which she has an option.

Dr. S. McLaughlin of the Advocate is interested in the plan but whether he will become a member of the colony is not settled.

## WAS IT A BAD OMEN?

The Flagstaff on Republican Headquarters Snaps and the Flag Falls.

In the midst of the jubilee over the recent victory yesterday afternoon an event occurred to somewhat mar the serenity of the occasion.

About 3 o'clock while the wind was blowing a gale the large flag staff over Republican state headquarters suddenly snapped and the emblem of liberty, which Chairman Breidenbath of the Populist state central committee had given the victors, was trailed in the dust.

The flag staff broke about half way up and the stars and stripes went down. A hard-working Republican who witnessed the incident gasped, "That might have been a bad omen if it had happened three weeks ago, but it is too late now."

The captured bunting was not rescued from its fallen position and the wind whipped it on the gravel roof all night long.

## WANTS PAY FOR SILENCE.

A Man Was Offered \$10 to Keep His Mouth Shut Half an Hour.

SEA ISLAND CITY, N. J., Nov. 14.—Unless he appeals the case Postmaster Lanning of Seabrook will pay Colonel William T. Dubois \$10 for keeping his mouth shut half an hour. The postmaster, after a wordy war with Colonel Dubois, told him to shut his mouth and keep it shut for half an hour and he would be given \$10.

Dubois, who is commander of the New Jersey military division of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, took advantage of Lanning's offer and then used to get the money. Lanning having refused to pay it. When the case came up for trial, Lanning filed an offer of \$14 against Dubois for subscription to his paper, the Bridgeport Chronicle. Squire Meyers allowed the claim of \$10 and imposed the costs, amounting to \$3.75, on Lanning. It is said Postmaster Lanning will carry the case to a higher court.

## TO SUCCEED SWING.

Washington Gladden to Be Invited to Go to Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—David Swing's mantle as pastor of Central church will most likely fall upon the ample shoulders of Dr. Washington Gladden, of Columbus, O. Trustees of the church have elected Ohio divine as their guest. They lingered in one of the private dining-rooms at the Union League yesterday after a luncheon until almost 3 o'clock, telling him how the church was organized, what its line of work had been, and how they were anxious to see it carried on. The board of trustees are unanimously in favor of inviting Washington Gladden to come to Chicago and be their pastor.

Joshua Quincy Declines to Run. Boston, Mass., Nov. 14.—Joshua Quincy has written a letter to the chairman of the Democratic city committee positively declining to be a candidate for mayor.

## TAKERS FOR BONDS.

Drexel, Morgan & Co. Expected to Buy the Most.

English Bankers Eager to Subscribe to the Loan.

## CALLS IT A SUCCESS.

The President of U. S. Trust Co. Commends the Issue.

Says the Government is Protected at Every Point.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—It is believed that the largest subscribers to the new government loan will be Drexel, Morgan & Co., and the United States Trust company, the Union Trust company, and J. & W. Seligman and Brown Brothers. Keuhn Loeb & Co., and Speyer & Co., some of whom will act as agents of English and German financial institutions in subscribing for the bonds. This accounts for the weakness in sterling exchange and reluctance.

John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust company said today the circular asking for bids issued by Secretary Carlisle was the best ever issued by the government.

"It protects the government," said Mr. Stewart, "at every possible point. There is no doubt as to the success of the loan. The bonds will all be taken and paid for in gold and the government will not have to pay more than 3 per cent for the money. It is possible some of the gold received for the bonds may be brought from Europe, and it is also possible that some bids may be received on even more favorable terms than 3 per cent."

"I cannot say anything about any syndicate bidding for the bonds because I do not know of any but I know all the bids will be taken. Every bid will have to stand on its own bottom and every one will have to make an individual submission. In my opinion no subscription will be received, the maker of which cannot pay for the bonds in gold and not previously withdrawn from the treasury treasurer. There will be no difficulty in getting the gold, and any suggestion that there may be is foolish. The banks will provide the gold, and they will have no difficulty in getting the bonds if they want them."

"The terms of Mr. Carlisle's circular make the subscription open to everybody. There is a demand for the bonds and, mark my words, the issue will be a complete success."

## ENGLISH EAGER FOR THEM.

London Bankers Anxious to Get Some of the New Bonds.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The United States loan of \$50,000,000 is hunted after everywhere here by financiers who are desirous of taking a portion of it. The stock market will be only too pleased to take any amount of it. Many inquiries have been made during the day at the Morgan banking house. The big loan will be most welcomed here by the investors who have little money.

The Rothschilds informed the Associated Press that they are most cordially supporting the issue that they have cabled to the Belmont banking house to subscribe to the new loan promptly in their name.

## JOINT COMMITTEE FORMED.

The Three Atchison Executive Committees Decide Upon a Joint Committee.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The joint committee for the re-organization of the Santa Fe has been formed by the representatives of the three executive committees, the general reorganization committee, the London committee of bondholders and Messrs. Hope & Co., of Amsterdam.

President Edward King of the Union Trust company, which is trustee of the general mortgage, has been added to this committee and made chairman. The other members of the committee are R. Hayes, Edward N. Gibbs, George D. Hayden, Adrian Leblin, Jr., C. Silvio Pottonier, Robert Fleming, John Ludden and Victor Morawetz. Edward N. Gibbs is vice chairman. The joint executive committee having received the detailed report of Mr. Little, has begun active work in the preparation of a comprehensive plan for the reorganization of the Santa Fe and its auxiliary lines.

## MRS. WILSON IS HERE.

A Familiar Figure During Political Times in Town.

Mrs. Augustus Wilson, editor of the Wilsonian Journal, who was here during the session of the legislature two years ago, and secured partial payment of her claim against the state for her services in connection with the New Orleans exposition arrived in Topeka today and visited the statehouse this afternoon.

Mrs. Wilson is one of the best known lobbyists in the state. She is looking as active and youthful as ever and is greeting her many acquaintances.

## Suit Against Dr. Barker.

The suit was filed today of Mary E. Crawford, wife of L. M. Crawford, to recover \$374.74 from Dr. Barker, of the Topeka Drug company. Dr. Barker's drug store is on the ground floor of the Crawford opera house building and the amount claimed is due for rent from June 20, to date, with \$40 additional for the use of the opera house baggage-wagon as an advertising stand. The store was closed up on attachment this afternoon.

## Big Four Branches Out.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14.—The Big Four directors have decided to extend their lines to Louisville by paralleling the track of the R. & O. Southwestern from North Vernon, Ind., a distance of 55 miles.

## ONE MORE BIG STRIKE.

National Coal Miners' Organization to Stop Work.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 14.—The prospect of another national coal miners' strike grows certain. The reduction favor among the operators spread eastward today, and the Clearfield district is now concerned. Bell, Lewis & Yates, who employ 2,900 men at Dubois and Dubois and Reynoldsville, posted no notices that on account of lower prices in mining in competitive districts the firm is compelled to force a reduction to 35 cents per net ton. The price now being paid is 40 cents and prior to the great strike last spring it was 45 cents.

The Burdick White mining company in the same district, employing 6,500 men, will probably follow this example of reduction, and a general lowering of the scale rate in this district will result. The operators in the Pittsburgh district have threatened to make reductions and will now probably be forced to this end.

## UNION MEN LOCKED OUT.

Iron and Tin Plate Factories Start Up With Non-Union Workmen.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 14.—The United States Iron and Tin Plate company commenced work in its Dennison plate works with fifty non-union men, under guard of deputies. The locked out men offered no interference.

At East Liverpool, O., Wallace Bonfield & Co., started one of their tin mills with new hands. The company fear trouble should they introduce any more outsiders to start the other mill.

Wages Advanced. BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 14.—The 350 employees of Tyson's chrome works have received advance of 10 per cent in their wages, alleged to be the result of the Republican victory.

## THEY WON'T QUIT.

McCabe and Engell Deny the Right of the Mayor to Discharge Them.

James E. McCabe and Henry Engell of the city engineer's department who were discharged yesterday by the mayor turned over the keys of the office to the city clerk, but they refuse to recognize the right of the mayor to remove them.

Engell has been acting as sewer inspector in the construction of the sewer being built in district 17 and when he quit yesterday the contractor quit work on the sewer. Acting upon the advice of members of the council Engell went to work this morning, and the sewer force is again at work. The sewer is nearing completion, and there is only about another week's work in it.

Mayor Harrison said this morning that he had received no information that McCabe and Engell had refused to recognize his authority to discharge them. He says that neither of the men were appointed by the mayor after the salary ordinance letting them out was approved in February. "The only question will be," said he, "whether the men can collect their pay for work done since their discharge."

## HAD TO SHELLED OUT.

How the M. K. & T. Robbers Collected Their Bounty.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 14.—Passengers on the M. K. & T. train which was robbed near Muskogee last night gave more particulars of the hold-up when the train arrived here.

Wagner Car Conductor Murphy was given a gunny sack by the bandits and compelled to walk away with them. Two robbers followed behind them with leveled guns. The passengers were required to divest themselves of money and jewels and drop them into the sack. They were rather lenient about it, not demanding a show down from anybody but appearing satisfied when the passenger dropped the first roll he laid hands on.

The Wagner passengers were all in their berths and the car was quite dark. The robbers ordered more light and made Murphy do the talking necessary to convince the passengers that they had better give up. The passengers in the day coaches were not molested. Some of the victims were: W. E. Hughes of Kansas City, gold watch and \$10.00.

Bert Wilkins of Omaha, Neb., on his way from San Antonio with his brother and sister, \$18.

N. G. Roberts of Houston, Texas, gave \$3.50.

W. W. Springer, Dallas, Texas, gold watch worth \$75, a double gold chain, a diamond locket and \$10 in cash.

J. Cannon of St. Louis, Mo., conductor of the sleeper Nina gave up \$50 cash.

S. K. Bullard of Sedalia, Mo., superintendent of telegraph for the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, gave a \$75 watch and \$15 in cash.

## RAILROAD TIES.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western has opened a new colliery at Nauticoke, Pa.

A passenger on a freight train which is suddenly stopped suffers as much as when falling from a second story window; on an express train, as from a third story window.

The common council of Johnstown, Pa., has passed an ordinance granting the Pennsylvania company permission to lay a single track line from the main line over the city streets.

The City Railway company of Berlin has adopted the nickel-in-the-slot plan for selling tickets during the busy hours. The improved machines are so constructed that the coin drops out again if a wrong one has been put in or if there are no more tickets.

## Charm in Bayes in Chicago.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Capt. E. Somers Hayes, chairman of the Atchison reorganization committee has gone to Chicago.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

## MOB SPIRIT NOT DEAD

People at Washington Court House Are Still Excited.

Col. Coit is Afraid to Go There to Testify.

## WOULD LYNCH HIM.

Lawabiding People Are Afraid to Say Anything.

Two Alternatives Are Presented by the Case.

Either Law or Mob Spirit Must Have the Victory.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 14.—Great events are brewing at Washington Court House. Colonel Coit declines by advice of his attorneys, to go to Fayette county to be a witness to the coroner as to the part the Fourteenth Ohio national guard took in obedience of orders from Governor McKinley to assist Sheriff Cook in protecting Dolby, a negro, who confessed to criminal assault and who had been sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary. In giving that protection four persons were killed and about a dozen wounded by the military firing upon the mob when it had broken open the doors of the court house to get the negro.

Colonel Coit's attorney, Hon. George K. Nash, and Henry J. Booth, assures the governor that Coit's life would be placed in jeopardy by going. The coroner declines to come to Columbus to take Coit's deposition, insisting that he shall go there. Leading law-abiding citizens of Washington Court House, have assured the governor privately that if Coit were to go there, he and Sheriff Cook, no doubt, would be thrown into jail, charged with murder, after which the coroner would become sheriff ex-officio, and that men whose friends were killed would ride the country and gather a mob, and both Coit and Cook, especially Coit, would be dragged from the jail and lynched.

Governor McKinley has assured Colonel Coit that if he were to go and harm were offered the whole power of the state and nation, if necessary, would be sent to his support.

Colonel Coit's reply to that is: "What good would that do my wife and family after I had been jailed or lynched?"

Lieutenant Colonel N. W. P. Darrow, a graduate of West Point but now a citizen here and an officer of the 14th Ohio national guards, said to the governor that the regiment would not suffer if Coit were to be injured and asked the governor to detail an escort to protect him. Pending this conversation and while the governor was considering some plan by which the sending of the military might be averted, Colonel Darrow said:

"Governor, the detail from the Fourteenth desires to go with your official sanction. If you cannot see your way clear to give such sanction I will have the regiment go as individuals and with guns, to protect the colonel in case harm is offered."

That event and if such trouble were to occur and blood be spilled, the men, it would seem, might be indicted for murder or shooting with intent to kill.

The situation is very grave. It is so grave, indeed, that the representative of the Associated Press cannot give the names of the men who are in the county known men at Washington Court House whom he has seen privately and who are conferring privately with the officers of the state. Attorneys at Washington Court House, who say that the governor and military did right in maintaining the law, absolutely refuse to assist in the defense of Coit because it would be tantamount to making arrangements to practice law in some other country. All law-abiding mouths in Washington Court House are still at death. The other side is doing all the talking.

The question which is confronting the governor is: Shall a sheriff, elected and sworn to execute law, and a colonel, ordered to his assistance, be sacrificed for doing their official duty?

Rev. Dr. Gladden, who denounced the mob in a letter to the Columbus Dispatch, declines to give out any public statement received from Washington Court House from both sides, because of the fact that the writers would be made to suffer by members of the mob. He was threatened with assassination if he came there for any purpose. He burned that letter. It is mentioned to show the feeling at the place. Publication of all these events is made here today.

## GEN. CLAY ON GUARD.

He Will Not Let Anyone Come Near His Young Bride.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 14.—White Hall, the castle of General Cassius M. Clay, is closed to all visitors today, the general having placed his son, Lonnie, in command, with instructions to allow no one to disturb him. None of the neighbors dare venture on the premises in the face of these instructions.

General Clay is fearful that some harm may come to his bride and will not allow her to leave the house. Dr. C. C. Smith carried away to Richmond yesterday some documents, which give rise to the story that General Clay had made a new will.

## The National Grange Meets.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 14.—The annual session of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, convened for an eight days' meeting at the state house this morning. Fourteen national officers and eighty delegates were present, representing twenty-nine states and twenty-six provincial granges in Canada. Master J. Brigham of Delta, Ohio, presided. Governor Altgeld gave an address of welcome.

232 calls up the Peerless.

## THE PROTECTIVES' PLAN.

They Intend to Get Hold of the Second Mortgage Bonds.

The Santa Fe Protective reorganization committee, which was supposed by its enemies to be knocked out beyond all hope of resurrection at the late stockholders' meeting, is said to be far from dead and now has a plan by which it hopes to ultimately secure control of the Santa Fe property.

The plan as given to a JOURNAL reporter today by one who is identified with the Protective followers is in a nutshell the sequestration of the second mortgage bonds. The Protective committee will attempt to get control of the \$100,000,000 issued in mortgage bonds under which the road seems bound to be foreclosed. The bond are quoted on the market at from 15 to 25 cents on the dollar. Several of the moneyed men on the protective committee would buy heavily of the bonds when the market is bearish, and influence poor people who would be friendly to the protective committee to buy enough more to give them a majority. Some of them already have large holdings of second mortgage bonds and it is estimated that \$10,000,000 or \$15,000,000 would be all the outlay necessary, when judiciously used, to get bonds enough to influence control of the road after the foreclosure. The plan seems to be a comparatively easy way out if Theodore Myers, Benjamin F. Tracy, Newman Erb and the rest have the influence on Wall street they are generally credited with having. The idea is said to have "evolved" from Newman Erb's brain.

## EUGENE V. DEBS GLAD

That He Was Victimized by the Strike Commission.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 14.—President E. V. Debs of the American Railway Union expressed himself as being greatly pleased with the report of the commission on the Pullman strike.

"It completely exonerates me," said Mr. Debs, "of all the charges in court against me and my friends, and it is the only report I knew the report could be nothing else if the commissioners did their duty."

"The report lays bare the Pullman system, which provoked the great strike and shows that gentlemen up in his true light."

"The effect of the decision will be salutary on the American Railway union. It will remove the odium sought to be attached to our organization and will cause an increase of members all over the country."

I understand the general managers in their wrath charged me with writing the report of the commission, which, of course, is ridiculous. I have not seen the commission before or since the time I gave my testimony. It is very unusual the general managers would not like it."

## LOCAL MENTION.

Oscar Naylor was cut in the back last night by an unknown person, but not seriously injured.

Thomas F. Doran collected \$38 last night for Arthur Gregg who was hurt by a cannon on election night.

The railroads have made a rate of one fare plus \$2 to the meeting of the Trans Mississippi Commercial congress at St. Louis November 27.

The notorious Fanny Wright had her face slashed with a razor during a drunken fight, the cut extended from the top of her forehead to the chin.

G. L. Travers, agent of the Wells-Fargo express company, says the war and whisky said to have been ordered by the Populists for ratification purposes (in case of success) did not pass through his office.

A woman from two miles west of Rossville came in today and applied to the Associated Charities for clothing for her children. The association isn't working outside of Topeka but will investigate her case.

Fisher A. Craig, of Concordia, and Katie Jordan, of Bolivar, who were here to take in the big Republican parade yesterday, thought they couldn't find a happier time nor a better place, so they were married here today.

A little colored boy, who wouldn't give his name, was knocked down while trying to jump on a trolley car on Kansas avenue, near East street, last night during the parade and his ankle hurt, but not seriously so far as known.

A. Taylor, brother of the nurseryman, was badly hurt on East Fourth street last evening by being thrown from his buggy. He and his young daughter were coming to the parade from their home in Oakland when the horse became frightened and ran away. Mr. Taylor's shoulder was dislocated and his face badly bruised. He was taken to his home in the patrol wagon.

## SENATOR RANSOM DENIES.

He and Gorman have not been Scheming for a Democratic Senator.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Senator Ransom denies the Associated Press report that he and Senator Gorman have been in consultation with a view to having an extra session of the North Carolina legislature called in order to elect a Democratic senator to succeed Mr. Jarvis, the new legislature being fusion and the present Democratic.

## Money Fell at His Feet.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—This morning W. H. Dent, president of the bank at Le Mars, Iowa, was startled by unexpected fall of a large pocket-book towards him on the sidewalk. He feared to touch it, but John Casselman, an electrician, picked it up. Examination showed it contained a very large amount of money.

The retail drug business formerly conducted by Dr. D. Himes at No. 734 Kansas avenue will be continued as heretofore. Mr. Edward Streicher, who has been head clerk with Dr. Himes for nearly four years, will give prompt and careful attention to the business. The public is cordially invited to continue their patronage, and a full and complete stock will be kept always on hand as in the past.